## Tutorial 2 for MATH 2020A (2024 Fall)

1. Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  be the solid which is the wedge cut from the first octant by the cylinder  $z = 12 - 3y^2$  and the plane x + y = 2. Sketch  $\Omega$  and find its volume.

## Solution: 20

2. Consider the following iterated integral

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{2-\frac{2x}{3}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{2}y\right) \,\mathrm{d}y \,\mathrm{d}x.$$

(a)Calculate its value.

(b)Sketch the solid  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  whose volume is given by this double integral.

(c)Use the volume formula of tetrahedron  $V = \frac{1}{3} \times$  **bottom area**  $\times$  **height** to verify your answer in (a).

Solution: (a) 1

3. Consider the following sum of integrals

$$\int_{-1}^{0} \int_{-2x}^{1-x} \mathrm{d}y \,\mathrm{d}x + \int_{0}^{2} \int_{-\frac{x}{2}}^{1-x} \mathrm{d}y \,\mathrm{d}x.$$

- (a)Calculate its value.
- (b)Sketch the area  $R \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  whose area is given by this sum of integrals.
- (c)Use the area formula of triangle to verify your answer.

Solution:  $(a)\frac{3}{2}$ 

4. If  $f(x,y) = \frac{10^4 e^y}{1 + \frac{|x|}{2}}$  represents the "population density" of a certain bacterium on the xy-plane, where x and y are measured in centimeters, find the total population of bacteria within the rectangle  $-5 \le x \le 5$  and  $-2 \le y \le 0$ .

**Solution:**  $4 \times 10^4 \times (1 - e^{-2}) \times \ln \frac{7}{2}$ 

5. Choose a suitable coordinate to evaluate the following integral

$$\int_{-1}^{0} \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{0} \frac{2}{1+\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} \,\mathrm{d}y \,\mathrm{d}x.$$

Solution:  $\pi(1 - \ln 2)$